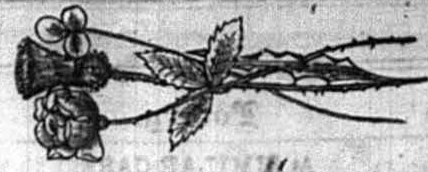


# THE COLONIST.



Vol. I. Subscription Rates—\$3.00 per annum.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1886.

Single Copies—One Cent.

No. 190.

## By Telegraph.

FRANCE PROTESTS AGAINST BRITISH OCCUPATION OF EGYPT.

General Roberts Succeeds Gen. McPherson.

STRIKE in PHILADELPHIA IMMINENT.

National League Support Tenants who refuse to pay High Rents.

HALIFAX, Oct. 22.

The French Ambassador to London has protested against the British occupation of Egypt. Turkey and Russia will support France in the protest.

General Roberts succeeds General McPherson as commander of the troops in Burmah.

A strike of seventy thousand operatives at Philadelphia is imminent.

Lord Randolph Churchill has returned to England.

General Gourka succeeds Kaulbars in Bulgaria.

The Irish National League enters into conflict with Marquis Clanricarde, who refuses to reduce his rents. The League demands a reduction of twenty-five per cent., and forbids tenants to pay more. Evicted tenants will be supported, and no rent will be paid to Clanricarde if the League can prevent it.

BAY OF ISLANDS, this evening.

Herring plentiful about the islands at the entrance of the bay. Several vessels from Nova Scotia are here waiting for cargoes. Prospects are cheering for the fall and coming winter. Several vessels are loading with lumber at Corner Brook.

## OUR ADVERTISING PATRONS.

Auction—beef, mutton, &c.....James Hynes  
Auction—fresh beef, &c.....Clift, Wood & Co  
Auction—hand-picked apples.....James Hynes  
Dairy butter.....G. Knowling  
Flour, bacon & hams.....Shea & Co  
Canadian creamery butter.....John A. Edens  
New magazines & books.....J. F. Chisholm  
New butter.....Clift, Wood & Co  
The Pioneer Dory.....J., J. & L. Furlong  
Glance Bay coal.....S. March & Sons  
Grapes, raisins, &c.....T. & M. Winter

## AUCTION SALES.

To-morrow (SATURDAY), at 11 o'clock,  
By JAMES HYNES,  
AT HIS ROOMS, OPPOSITE JOB BROS. & CO.  
35 brls Hand-picked Apples.

To-morrow, (SATURDAY), at 11 o'clock,  
ON THE WHARF OF  
Clift, Wood & Co.,  
40 qtrs Prime Fresh BEEF,  
ex stmr Kite, from Sydney, C.B.  
50 brls Choice APPLES—Hubersteins, Favorites,  
Baldwins, &c.  
30 brls New Antigonish BUTTER  
25 brls P.E. Island PORK

To-morrow (SATURDAY), at 11 o'clock,  
By JAMES HYNES,  
(AT HIS ROOMS, OPPOSITE JOB BROS. & CO.)  
200 lbs Beef and Mutton, 100 tubs Butter, 30  
brls Flour, 15 brls Smoked Herring, 9 half boxes  
Tobacco, 15 cases Canned Meats, 5 half chests  
Tea, 30 boxes Soap, 20 brls Potatoes, 100 dozen  
Cabbages, and various other articles.

A Good Investment—Sale of Valuable Property without Reserve.

I AM authorised by Mr. James Johnston, to offer for Sale, by Public Auction, on the premises, at Hovestown, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., at 12 o'clock, all his right, title, and interest in and to, all that long range of DWELLING HOUSES known as "Harbor View," situate a little to the north-west of Harvey's Bakery, and almost adjoining Archibald's Tobacco Factory. The Houses are quite new, substantially built and finished from cellar to attic; the outside of the Buildings is finished with cement and the roof with galvanized iron. Within the past month the Houses have been newly painted; good sewerage in front and rear, and water in all the kitchens. The property contains eleven tenements, and is bringing in a rental, at present, of \$474. Term—999 years. Ground rent—£1 2 per annum.

T. W. SPRY,  
Real Estate Broker.

## JUST RECEIVED.

40 Kegs GRAPES  
20 Kegs BREAD SODA  
50 Boxes Valencia RAISINS  
100 Boxes Muscatel RAISINS  
100 Boxes CHEESE (Canadian)

—ALSO—  
100 Doz assorted BROOMS—on consignment. Must be sold at once.

T. & M. WINTER.

## New Advertisements.

### Genuine Truro Dairy Butter.

Canadian Cheese, Canadian Apples.

Ferris & Co's Hams, Mess and Family Mess Pork,

—AND SOME OF THE—

Best - Brands - of - Flour.  
Raisins and Currants.

All at the lowest market prices, at

oct22,3w,1iw,fp

G. KNOWLING'S,  
Late P. HUTCHINS.

### HOME EMPLOYMENT! The Pioneer Dory

STRONGEST, LIGHTEST AND BEST.

BUILT of Pine and Spruce—cut from the banks of the Humber by Native axemen, from the Mills of Messrs. CARTER & FISHER, Bay of Islands. All lumber thoroughly seasoned and set up on timbers of natural growth by skilled workmen. Inspection for comparison of material and pronouncement of superiority solicited by

oct22,3i,fp

J., J. & L. FURLONG, Agents,  
From whom the Trade can be supplied.

Towards the Setting Sun to the West!

### To the New Grocery Store JAS. MCKAY.

Our New Grocery Store has just opened at—

No. 432, Water Street West, opp. Upper Premises of  
Messrs. P. & L. Tessier.

Our Stock is Large.

Our Goods are of the best quality and our Prices are the Lowest in Town. Visit the Store and see for yourself.

—ATTACHED ON THE SPRINGDALE SIDE WE HAVE—

A REFRESHMENT AND FRUIT STORE IN  
which will be always kept—in season—the Choicest Fruits of all kinds.

oct21,1w,fp

JAMES MCKAY.

### "NATIVE INDUSTRY!" THE EXCELSIOR DORY.

A Dory such as we purpose furnishing may now be seen in  
MONROE'S COVE.

We claim superiority to any other Build, and invite inspection.

HERDER & HALLAREN - - - Builders.  
M. MONROE - - - Agent.

oct21,3i,fp

### P. Jordan & Sons

PROVISION & GROCERY STORES, Nos. 178 & 180, WATER STREET.

Have just received, by late arrivals, their Fall Stock of New Goods, viz.:

50 chests and boxes NEW TEAS,

Season 1886 & 1887, of a very superior quality, selling very low. A liberal reduction to wholesale purchasers. Also,

100 Brls. Flour, the following brands—Superior Extra, No. 1  
Superior and No. 2 Superior, together with Bread, Butter, Pork, Loin, Jowls, Packet  
Beef, and Mess ditto, Sugar, Molasses, Oatmeal, Peas, Rice, Barley, Sago, Macaroni,  
a splendid stock of Soaps of every description, and a select stock of Fancy Biscuits, viz., Sweet Mins,  
Tea, Sugar, Fruit, Soda, Boston, Pilot, Ginger, &c., &c., and in barrels Plain and Fruit Cake. A  
splendid assortment of Cigars—the latest and choicest brands; also, 30 caddies Tobacco, 20 lbs. each,  
fancy brands, viz.: Solace and Leader, &c., and 100 tins Cut Plug Tobacco, 1lb & 1 1/4 each.

Boston Oil Clothes—Shield & Cape Ann Brands, Sou'westers and  
Bonnets, Sole Leather, Trunks, &c.  
Bartlett's Blacking, Blue and Polishing Paste for Kid Boots, Harness, &c., &c.

oct12

P. JORDAN & SONS.

## INFORMATION WANTED.

ANY PERSON sending information of EDWARD  
HUGHES, sailor, native of Newfoundland,  
who left here 9 years ago, will confer a favor  
on his sister,  
ELIZABETH HUGHES.  
St. John's, N.F., oct19,1w.

For sale by Clift, Wood & Co.,

69 Barrels APPLES,  
Choice varieties, including—Hubersteins, Non-  
Such, Baldwins, &c., Gravensteins. Ex Polar  
Star, from Boston Mass., U.S.A.  
oct21

## New Advertisements.

### FOR SALE, By SHEA & CO.

The following Choice Brands of Flour,  
just landed:

400 brls. "Baker's Queen,"  
250 brls. "Silver Dust."

—A SMALL LOT OF—

Baltimore Bacon and Hams.

oct22,3i

Choice New Canadian  
CREAMERY BUTTER.

—ON SALE BY—

JNO. A. EDENS,  
50 Tubs New-made  
Canadian Creamery Butter,

(Of Superior Quality.)

oct22,3i,fp

Glance Bay Coal.

LANDING AT THE WHARF OF

S. March & Sons,

ex Nelly,—320 TONS

Screened Glance Bay Coal

Sent home at 19s. per ton, cash, whilst dis-  
charging.

—And, ex Susan,—

(Anchored off Messrs. Job Bros. Premises)

300 Tons Prime Glance Bay Coal,

At 17s. 6d. per ton, cash—from ship's side.

Output craft dispatched. oct22,3i

## JUST RECEIVED.

New Magazines & New Books.

The Young Ladies' Journal for November  
The Family Herald for October  
The London Journal for October  
And other late Magazines  
Morley's Universal Library—vol 42  
Routledge's Pocket Library—latest Nos  
The Camelot Classics—latest Nos  
Routledge's World Library—latest Nos  
R. T. S's Library—latest Nos  
J. Sheridan Knowles Elocutionist  
Our Native Songs—edited by William Moodie  
The Chaplin's Craze—by G. M. Fenn  
The Dawn of Day Volume for 1886  
Beeton's All About Cookery

J. F. Chisholm.

oct22

BUTTER! BUTTER!! BUTTER!!!

On sale by Clift, Wood & Co.,  
23 tubs Choice New Butter,

oct22 ex Soudan, from Antigonish, N.S.

Received, ex Carthaginian,

50 Boxes New

Valencia Raisins,  
10 Barrels New Grapes,

5 brls. Mixed Sweets—at 7 1/2 d. per lb

8 Cases Finest

English Cheddar Cheese

All selling at lowest prices for cash.

KENNEDY & CO.

oct2-3i,fp

TO LET,

On King's Road, that first-class

Dwelling House,

with Frost-proof Cellar, Kitchen (with water),  
Parlor and seven Rooms—all well furnished.  
Also, Back Yard. Apply to

J. W. FORAN.

oct21

North Sydney Coal

NOW LANDING, AT THE WHARF OF

JNO. WOODS & SON,

ex brig Zanol,

450 Tons North Sydney Coal,

Best Quality—Sent Home at

22s. 6d. per ton.

oct20,3ifp

A Good Business Stand, situate  
at Toad's Cove, for Sale by Pri-  
vate Contract.

For Sale, by Private Contract, a Large New  
DWELLING HOUSE, with Extensive SHOP at-  
tached, situate at Toad's Cove, Southern Shore.  
Possession given immediately. Apply to  
T. W. SPRY,  
Real Estate Broker.  
aug20

## New Advertisements.



## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### Revision of the Lists of Voters

NOTICE is hereby given that a Revi-  
sion of the Lists of Voters, in the  
election of one member to serve in  
the Honourable the House of Assembly  
of Newfoundland, for the Eastern divi-  
sion of the district of St. John's, will  
commence at the Police Office, tomor-  
row THURSDAY; the 21st day of Octo-  
ber, and be continued until SATURDAY  
the thirtieth day of October, both days  
inclusive, and on each day from Eleven  
o'clock, a.m., to Two p.m.

D. W. PROWSE,  
J. G. CONROY,

Stipendiary Magistrates for Newfoundland.  
Police Office, Oct. 20, 1886.

## RULES AND REGULATIONS

For carrying into effect the Provisions  
of Sec. 16 of the Act 49 Vic., Cap. 3.

I.—Every person desirous of obtaining the bonus  
for clearing Waste Lands, provided by Section 16  
of the Act 49 Vic., Cap. 3, shall first make an  
application to the Governor in Council, setting  
forth the name, occupation, and residence of the  
applicant, the situation, boundaries, and descrip-  
tion of the land proposed to be cleared for cultiva-  
tion, the title or claim thereto of the party apply-  
ing, and the fact that the applicant intends bona  
fide to cultivate and continue to cultivate the said  
land.

II.—The application shall be presented at the  
Crown Lands' Office.

III.—Upon receipt of the application the Sur-  
veyor General shall direct a Deputy Surveyor of  
Crown Lands, or, where the services of such De-  
puty Surveyor are not available, some other qual-  
ified person to visit and inspect the land so pro-  
posed to be cleared. The Deputy Surveyor, or other  
person, shall direct that the land shall be defined  
and marked off, and shall report upon the said ap-  
plication, and if there shall appear to be no  
valid objection to the granting of the bonus ap-  
plied for, the Governor in Council, through the  
Surveyor General, shall grant a license or permi-  
sion to the applicant to proceed with the clearing  
of the land.

IV.—The Governor in Council may, in any case  
where there shall appear to be sufficient reason  
whether from defect or irregularity of title the  
unsuitable character or situation of the land or  
other cause, withhold the granting of such license  
or permission, or postpone the same until the ob-  
jection is removed.

V.—When the land shall have been fully cleared  
and ready for cultivation, the applicant shall pre-  
sent a further application, in writing, signed by  
him, and attested, stating that he has actually and  
bona fide cleared, or caused to be cleared, the  
piece or parcel of land described in the former ap-  
plication. The said application shall be accom-  
panied by the report or certificate of the Deputy  
Surveyor, or other person employed under Rule  
3, and one other creditable person, to the effect  
that the land in question has been so cleared since  
the date of the license or permission, and is there-  
fore ready for cultivation, whereupon the bonus  
shall become payable.

VI.—In any case in which it shall appear that  
since the passing of the Act, and before the issue  
of these Regulations, any person shall have bona  
fide and under the belief that he was entitled to  
claim the same bonus, actually cleared waste  
land, and that he was induced to do so by the  
bona fide expectation of receiving the said bonus.  
The Governor, in Council, may, upon satisfactory  
proof of the facts, and being further satisfied that  
there is no other sufficient objection, order the  
payment of said bonus, or of so much as shall ap-  
pear to be just and reasonable.

Colonial Secretary's Office, 5th Oct., 1886.  
oct13,3iw,3w.

## Just Opened

Coal Vases—8s. 6d., and upwards  
Brass and Steel Fire Irons,  
German Silver Tea Pots,  
Hot Water Kettles,  
Wood Window Poles,  
New Bedsteads.

—AND, ALWAYS ON HAND,—

BOILERS, POTS AND KITCHEN UTENSILS!  
SYDNEY WOODS,  
sep28 193 Water Street.

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

The WATER COMPANY having provided

### IRON CUPS

for the convenience of the Public, at all the Drink-  
ing Fountains in St. John's, all persons are there-  
fore cautioned not to injure the same; and any  
one found destroying or damaging the said Drink-  
ing Cups will be liable, on conviction, to a penalty  
not exceeding Twenty Dollars or Two Months  
Imprisonment with hard labor.

## A Reward of \$20.00

will be given to any person giving such informa-  
tion as will lead to the conviction of any one wil-  
fully injuring these Cups.  
St. John's, August 31st, 1886.

D. W. PROWSE,  
J. G. CONROY,

Stipendiary Magistrates for Newfoundland.



## Poetry.

## A SIMILAR CASE.

Jack, I hear you have gone and done it,  
Yes, I know; most fellows will;  
Went and tried it once myself, sir,  
Though you see I am single still.  
And you met her—did you tell me  
Down at Brighton last July?  
And resolved to ask the question  
At the soiree? So did I.  
I suppose you left the ball-room  
With its music and its light;  
For they say love's flame is brightest  
In the darkness of the night.  
Well, you walked along together,  
Overhead the starlit sky;  
And I'll bet—old man confess it—  
You were frightened. So was I.  
So you strolled along the terrace,  
Saw the summer moonlight pour  
All its radiance on the waters  
As they rippled on the shore;  
Till at length you gathered courage,  
When you saw that none were nigh—  
Did you draw her close and tell her  
That you loved her? So did I.  
Well, I needn't ask you further,  
And I'm sure I wish you joy;  
Think I'll wander down and see you  
When you're married, eh, my boy?  
When the honeymoon is over,  
And you're settled down we'll try—  
What? The deuce you say? Rejected?  
You rejected? So was I.

## TWO CURIOUS CLOCKS.

We have no church clock to compare with the intricate wonders of the splendid masterpiece in Strasburg Cathedral. This clock rises from the ground in several tiers or stages almost to the roof of the aisle in which it is placed. A large globe at the base of it describes the motions of the sun, moon and stars. A group of circles higher up describes different portions of time, one moving from north to south in the course of a year, and another revolving once in a hundred years. Figures seated in chariots, inscribed with the name of a day, take exactly one day to pass in front of the space in which they are enclosed for the rest of the week. The hours are struck by a skeleton with a bone on a bell. The first quarter past the hour is struck by a boy, the second by a youth, the third by a man, the fourth by an old man. In the busy and lively market place, outside are frogs for sale, skinned and stuck in rows on skewers daintily, and quantities of live fish, poultry, suckling pigs, rabbits and hares, in troughs, cages, baskets, boxes and pens innumerable, and fruits and flowers in every attractive arrangement; and groups of bronzed countrymen and countrywomen, in quaint costumes, are laughing and talking, buying and selling, but strangers turn from them, and return again and again to the Cathedral, to sit down before the clock, and wait patiently to see the skeleton strike the hour with its bones, the chariot of the day move invisibly on, and the many wheels or circles as imperceptibly in motion, with unabated curiosity. Our own clock-makers have always regarded it with admiration. Only a few weeks ago, an old clockmaker, upwards of eighty years of age, died at Newcastle-on-Tyne, who had occupied the leisure of his long life in trying to finish a clock begun by his father that was to rival it. This was also furnished with the orrery, and with figures to strike the hours and quarters. It has also two sets of musical barrels, and several other mechanical devices, one of which was a ship in full sail. He worked out the necessary mathematical calculations when he was a young man, but left the work uncompleted in the end.—*Quiver*.

## FISHING MADE EASY.

An Italian savant has, according to the *Gazetta del Popolo*, discovered a new and simple method of catching fish. The bait is a musical one. As we all know, the sense of hearing is extraordinarily developed in fish. It appears that whilst the slightest noise scatters them in all directions, a musical note, especially that produced by the human voice, attracts them; on hearing it they stop suddenly in their course. Sig. Saretti, discovering this fact, embarked on the Lake of Geneva with a party of friends; he possesses a very fine deep bass voice, and striking up a national song he proved to his astounded companions the truth of his assertions. They were able, by means of an aquascope to perceive the eagerness with which the piscine population gathered round the little boat. Casting over the nets they had brought, they instantly made such a catch as has rarely, if ever been known on the lake, and they may be said indeed to have made another "miraculous draught of fishes."

## A NORWEGIAN BRIDE.

The bride (writes Mr. Goadbey in "Cassell's Magazine") was about twenty-three, I should say, with a ruddy complexion, good features, and large blue eyes. She had upon her head the bridal crown, without which few peasant women are married in Norway. I tried one on my own head and found it heavy. There is a brass rim to fit the

head, and the open silver-work above it is often gilt in places with patches of gold, and embellished with garnets. Such crowns are kept as heirlooms; and it is no uncommon thing for the women of the same household to be married in a crown that has done similar duty in the family for one or two hundred years. The skirt was that of black material, the bodice was snowy white, with a corset of red and green, and an apron of white, with bands of embroidery hanging in front of it. Around the neck and waist were square-made dusky silver bands, looking like an "essentric" collection of old buckles. The bridegroom wore a "top hat," which seemed to have been kept in his family much after the fashion of his intended's bridal crown. He had a red waistcoat, very short in the waist, with brass buttons on it, and a singular kind of coat, very loose, with fronted ornament. There was just a suspicion of red piping down the side of the trousers. He was a muscular, sunburnt, hardy-looking man of about thirty, though probably younger than he seemed to be. The white bodice and coloured skirts, the silver jewellery of the girls in the snowy head-gear of the married women, with crimped lappets hanging down the back, and V-shaped, made a brave show.—From *Cassell's Family Magazine* for October.

## AN UNPLEASANT SHOWER.

A considerable addition to our knowledge of meteorites was obtained in 1876, when an aerolite fell at Stalldalen, in Sweden, at 11.50 a.m. on June 28. The fire ball from which it descended was visible over a large portion of middle Sweden, and it appeared in a large, pear-shaped mass, which, seen from some localities was of blinding whiteness, from others of a fiery red. From some points of view it resembled a luminous streak of violet light, from others, from others the streak appeared white, and reddish white, or light grey. In size the fire-ball equalled that of the full moon, and when it burst a white smoke remained. The meteor emanated from a point in Cophei, and it became luminous at a distance of 250 miles above the earth. Its diameter has been estimated at 1,500 feet. It is remarkable that it was not visible at the point where the meteoric stones fell, probably on account of the small cloud of absorbed matter collected in front of it; but loud detonations were heard, as also rattling and rumbling noises. The stones did not fall with a great velocity; one of them weighing eighteen pounds, made a hole in the earth only eight inches deep. Many were seen to fall. The largest weighed nearly thirty pounds; but the total number of stones found was only eleven, weighing in all a little more than seventy pounds. They were distributed over an oval space a mile and a quarter broad by five miles long. They presented on being broken a coarse breccia-like appearance, and on analysis were proved to consist of nickeliferous iron, olivine, brexite (silicate of magnesia), sulphide of iron, small traces of phosphide of iron and of nickel, and of a phosphide of iron and chloride of iron.—*Science for All*.

## FOWELL BUXTON'S GREAT STRUGGLE.

On the 24th of May, 1832 (writes Professor Blaikie in *Cassell's Magazine*), was a memorable day not only in the life of Sir T. Fowell Buxton, but in the history of the struggle for the abolition of slavery in the British Empire. On the evening of that day he plainly saw that a certain step must be taken by him in the House of Commons, unless the cause of abolition was to be hopelessly postponed, perhaps lost for a generation. It was a step of prodigious difficulty for him, because not only his opponents fought fiercely against him; some of them ready to tear him to pieces, but the Government, who were slowly coming round to his views and his intimate and valued friends, were one and all imploring him not to do it. When he rose that morning he did not think it possible to hold on. The evening in the House was one of protracted anguish; was such agony to go on hour after hour resisting the entreaties of his friends that he felt as if he was having his teeth extracted (no chloroform in them days!) all the time. By God's help he stood firm to the end. He insisted on putting the motion which he had made at the beginning of the sitting, and though it was defeated by a considerable majority, he gained a real triumph; the Government now took up the question, and in little more than a year, on the 28th August, 1833, the bill for the Abolition of Slavery received the Royal Assent.

AN ENORMOUS AEROLITE—The *Philadelphia Ledger* says:—The aerolite that fell in Washington county (this state) last September, has, it is stated, been at last found by Professor Emerick, of William and Mary college, who discovered it embedded deep in the soil on Frederick Miller's farm, two miles north of Clasyville. Professor Emerick says it is the largest aerolite on record, and weighs fully 200 tons. Its composition is chromium, nickel, platinum, copper, magnesium and tin.

"How does the thermometer stand?" asked one excited citizen of another this morning. "I don't think it can stand at all. I always see it hanging up."

## WANTED.

## TEN SCHOONERS,

From 60 tons upward, (with crew) to proceed North to cut Logs and bring them to St. John's. Particulars on application.

G. H. & C. E. ARCHIBALD,  
Nfld Furniture & Moulding Co.

## Oysters! Oysters!

Just received and for sale  
By CLIFT, WOOD & Co.,  
13 barrels OYSTERS,  
oct21 ex Samuel Drake.

## The New Tin Store,

—JUST OPENED BY—  
JOSEPH COOPER,  
236 Water Street, St. John's, N.F.

Look in at the New Store and you will be surprised to find that a

COOPER IS THE CHEAPEST TINSMITH in the city. This is no joke, but stern reality. The people of Saint John's, and Mr. Cooper's old friends and customers, especially those at Catalina and Twillingate, are invited to call and see his immense stock. They will find good quality at low prices. oct16,3w,3i,eod

For sale by Clift, Wood & Co.,  
69 Barrels APPLES,  
Choice varieties, including—Hubersteins, Non-Such, Baldwins, &c., Gravensteins. Ex Polar Star, from Boston Mass., U.S.A. oct21

THE CONSOLIDATED FOUNDRY CO., (LTD.)  
Have on hand a large stock of

## CAST IRON WARE

—COMPRISING—  
WINCH & PATENT WINDLASSES, HAWSER PIPES, CHOCKS & SHEAVES, PATENT & STEERING GEAR.

SCHOOL DESKS (with the most modern improvements) and GARDEN SEATS—either in castings or completed.

Ornamental Cast and Wrought Iron FENCES—suitable for the front of private residences, grave yards or other purposes. A variety of patterns for cast iron CRESTING & FINIALS to ornament tops of buildings, &c.

They invite inspection of their assortment of patterns. oct20,tey

## TO LET.

(And possession given 1st November next.)

## A NEW STABLE,

Situate on Nunnery Hill.  
Apply to HENRY DUGGAN  
oct21,3w,1m

## CHOICE PIGS' JOWLS.

On Sale by Clift, Wood & Co.,  
TEN BARRELS CHOICE PIGS' JOWLS,  
oct21 ex stmr Coban.

## 129--Water Street--129

—We are now offering—  
25 Doz Womens' Purple Woollen Hose, at 1s per pair—worth 1s 3d  
25 Doz Womens' assorted Marone & Brown Hose 1s per pair—worth 1s 3d  
25 Doz Womens' assorted (job lot) at 20 per cent. under regular price  
50 Doz Childrens' Woollen Hose—from 4d per pair  
20 Doz Mens' Hose and Socks, 2 doz Mens' Drawers—local manufacture—much superior to those imported  
50 Doz Mens' Shirts & Pants—from 2s 3d

## R. HARVEY.

## Consignees' Notice.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS from Boston, Mass., U.S.A., per schr Polar Star, will please pay freight immediately, and take delivery of goods from the wharf of CLIFT, WOOD & CO. oct21

## P. E. Island Produce.

ON SALE  
By CLIFT, WOOD & Co.,  
3411 Bushels OATS  
230 Barrels POTATOES  
30 Barrels TURNIPS  
20 Bushels BARLEY  
13 Barrels OYSTERS  
The cargo of the schooner Samuel Drake. oct18

## Valuable Fee-simple.

I am instructed to offer for sale, by Private Contract, all that valuable piece of LAND, belonging to the estate of late James Browning, situate on the north side of Water Street, and on the east side of Leslie Street. The Land will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. For particulars of title, &c., apply to

T. W. SPRY,  
Real Estate Broker.

## Builders' Supply Store.

100 Kegs London White Lead  
1000 Tins Mixed Paints  
Linseed Oils, Turpentine,  
Varnish, Dryers, Knotting,  
—AND A LARGE—  
Assortment of Brushes.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.  
oct11

## TO LET,

A Large Dwelling House  
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Newfoundland Furniture & Moulding Co.

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oct18

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That he has removed his  
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From 236 Water Street to 299 Water Street—to the Shop lately occupied by McDougall & Templeton, O'DWYER'S BUILDINGS, four doors west of Coastal Steamers Wharf.

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fy27

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mar6,tey



## Select Story.

## The Golden Flood:

## A CLOUD IN SEVEN COLORS.

BY R. E. FRANCILLON AND WM. SENIOR.

## COLOR THE SECOND.—GREY.

Had Rose proposed, Let us go out and commit highway robbery, it is likely that Lucy would have done as she was told. So she answered, as she twirled and twisted her screen.

"Of course we can't dear; that's true; not five minutes, I dare say. But . . . Why? You see it is bed time, after all."

"Why?" echoed Rose, with scornful amazement. "Haven't you heard what Mr. Barker told us? Or couldn't you understand?"

"Of course, dear; of course I heard and understood it all, every word. But these lawyers—they do use such strange words, and do jumble them up so, that understanding them is so very like not understanding other people. . . . I am not clever, Rose, you know, and the soft brown eyes began to swim in tears.

At the sight of those easily stirred fountains, a transformation was worked in Rose. Her whole face softened, the firm mouth trembled, and love and pity made her beautiful—face, voice, and all. Making one step forward she opened her arms; and Lucy fluttered into them, like a tired dove coming home.

"My poor, poor darling!" she cooed, stroking the glossy silk of Lucy's head the while. "I was unkind to you; of course you didn't understand, or you'd have known why we can't stay here as well as me. Forgive me dear. Indeed it's I that am stupid—to be unkind. I'll never, never, be unkind again."

"You stupid? You unkind? Oh, no—no—no—no! I'll ask you nothing. Rose, dear; if you understand its all quite enough for me. Are we going far? What shall I take? Will my new black silk be enough? Or shall I take muslin as well?"

"Oh, you can take all your clothes. I don't think they belong to the Law. The Law can't wear them, anyway. We must put our things up anyhow to-night. We can arrange them when we get to London."

"To London? Rose?"

"Yes; London will be best. We shall get there early to-morrow morning, and we must get what sleep we can in the train. Come: we'll get our things together at once—come dear. There's no time to explain anything now."

"Only one thing," said Lucy, "When shall we come home?"

"We are going home—now."

"No, Rose; I do not understand!"

"Yes; this is the only place on earth that is not our home—our home is London—the world—anywhere and everywhere; but not here. It never has been our home—since he died. It is a stranger's; an enemy's; it goes to those of whom we know nothing, and from the only ones he loved and cared for, because there is a little flaw in his will. That is the law. So says Mr. Barker; and of course, Mr. Barker knows—the law. And how can we go on using for a minute more than we can help what the law says is not ours? How can we go on using a penny that that we know is not our own? It would be enough to make him turn in his grave, and to disgrace poor Phil under the sea, whom there's nobody to think of or care for left but me and you. We must meet Law with Justice, Lucy—and we will!"

"Yes, dear. Yes. Of course I see it all now," said Lucy, drying her eyes. "Then—then—we are never going to come back here any more—never again?"

She looked round the dull, gloomy old parlour; and remembered a thousand things. Even the old sideboard and the pair of globes ceased to be their own mere ugly selves, and became golden shrines, garlanded with half forgotten but immortal flowers. She had been born in this house: she had lived there all her life, and the shortest life feels long when it has to be broken in two: and thence she would be married, or there, some centuries hence, would die, and never till this sudden moment had she ever dreamed of a change. Rose also looked round. But while her heart also softened before the wretched she was about to make and would soon realize, her spirit hardened in her eyes. Pride must still be lord of all.

It has been said that everything proceeded with the regularity of a chronometer in the house where, for two months past, Rose and Lucy had reigned as joint queens wearing a single crown. From day to day nothing had ever been known to vary: even feasts differed from other regular repetitions only in having twelve months instead of four-and-twenty hours between them; and the recent funeral had only been the exception that the most regular rule is supposed to require. So far had this Medo-Persian regime been carried that there had almost always been a Martha, and there had unexceptionally always been a George, from the first hour that Rose or Lucy could remember. On entering this rigid service, the

baptismal rubric was ruthlessly overthrown, and, despite godfathers and godmothers, the system re-christened him George. Now, the present bearer of this highly respectable name, or title of office was, whatever he had been originally christened, born a George, and had fallen into routine and red tape by nature. He never, even when there was nothing to do—as was mostly the case overslept himself a minute: he never shirked jobs, making them whenever none were ready made; he never missed a meal, or church, or anything that belonged to the day: and, always at the same moment, when something attempted or something done had earned a night's repose, he most conscientiously fuddled himself, always to the same extent, with always the same quantity of strong ale.

Being a solitary toper, however, in the retirement of his own chamber over the stable, and being never a hair the worse for his habit in the morning, nobody, not even Martha herself, suspected this flaw in his otherwise model character—if indeed that could be called a flaw, which was but an additional proof of steady regularity. And never had he once been disturbed. It was, therefore, with a dim conviction that a crisis had arrived in the affairs of the universe, when he was disturbed in the very midst of a luxurious pull by a shake at the door, and by the shall out-cry—

"George! You're to have out the trap this minute, and drive Miss Rose and Miss Lucy to Winterbury station, as quick as you can go!"

"Martha had, no doubt, reckoned on creating some effect by her sensational way of putting such startling news instead of leading up to it gently. But if she desired to startle George, the tables were turned.

"Gammon!" he shouted back. "If they want to be driven to Winterbury, tell 'em to drive themselves to—"

Martha could not help a little scream. The place had not been exactly uttered: but her little scream was just in time.

Nor was she only shocked: she was angry. It was the first visit she had ever paid to George in his proper region: and even if her mistresses had suddenly gone mad, still they were of her own sex, and he but a He.

"And if 'twas midnight," said she, "why shouldn't Miss Rose do what she likes? It's her trap, I suppose: and you're her man. Open the door."

"I tell you what it is, young woman. 'Tis my trap, and my horses, and my door: and I won't: so there. Gammon. If you chaff, you go to where it kept. 'Tisn't kept here. 'Twon't be All Fools' day for another five months to come. And what's more, I'm off to bed, my side of the door: so you'd best keep on your own."

What could have come all at once to so sober, steady, and civil spoken a young man? Martha began to fear lest lunacy might be catching, and in the air.

"Young woman, indeed! And if I am young it's not my place to be called names by you. And not much of a joke you'll find it when Miss Rose misses her train and wants to know the reason why."

"Reason why enough. I sh—shan't. So there. I'm not going to be put on at my time of day—my time of night—by a pack o' g—girls. So there."

He snapped his finger long enough for Martha to hear. But she also had heard something else: a treacherous stumble in his speech that the slightest of experience knew how to ascribe to the natural cause.

"Very well," said she, stiffly. "I'll go and tell Miss Rose that I've found out where the ale goes. And I wouldn't be in your shoes—Young Man."

She made her boots creak, so that he might think her departing. And she was right—Miss Rose was not a mistress to be trifled with, while so easy a place was not to be lightly thrown away.

"Hold hard! you think I'm in liquor do you?" he called out. "Then look here: and you'll never see a soberer this side Christmas." He opened the door: and if sober men, when in haste to be presentable, tumble in their coats at once inside out and upside down, his boast was more than justified. "Isn't it a joke, Martha?"

"You won't find it one," said she.

"I take my David I'm as sober as a fiddler," said he. "You see I was undressing: and this blessed coat will never come off the right way. But I'm all right—'tis the coat: not me. Come. Patty, we are not going to fall out over the fit of a coat—not we. What is it—no chaff, you know? If 'tis anything in reason—"

Martha never had the faintest intention of telling on George, and his pretty evident condition filled her less with disgust than dismay. Miss Rose never saw faults till they were forced upon her; but woe to the guilty when they were.

"Oh, George!" cried the girl, "This is dreadful! Whatever is to be done? Why you can no more drive than—"

"Can't I? Much you know about it then—that's all! Why, I could drive upside down and inside out, anywhere you like and back again, before you could say done. Say I can't drive? You get out o' the way, and look here. I'm sober as a judge. I am: so you won't get over me. Where you want to go?"

(to be continued.)

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TENDERS will be received until the 1st day of October, at noon, by the undersigned, for the ENTIRE STOCK and GOOD WILL of the

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(SITUATE IN NEW GOWER STREET)

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The Young Ladies' Journal, for October

The London Journal—part 35

J. F. Chisholm.

sep23

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J. F. Chisholm.

oct7

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## Unprecedented Bargains in Dry Goods.

## WILLIAM FREW

RESPECTFULLY to inform the public that he has just returned from the ENGLISH and SCOTCH Markets, where he has been able to secure, for Cash, some of the Cheapest lines ever offered in Newfoundland:

## DRESS MATERIALS,

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Also, another shipment of our Celebrated Ladies' Seam-to-toe Kid Boots—8s. 9d.

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191, Water Street.

sep7

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## Inauguration

of which obliges us to compete with our rivals on the principal commercial thoroughfare, we are determined to offer every facility to both our permanent and transitory patrons who wish to give us a call, and we assure them that they will find everything they require the cheapest and best to be had in the city. We draw special attention to our assortment of Lamps, Chimmies, Globes, Burners, &c., *ad infinitum*, and trust that they will illumine many hearths and homes in this "Newfoundland of Ours" during the coming winter. As the

## Placentia

line of Railroad is near its inception, we have many necessary requisites that would accrue to the benefit of the Mechanic, Tradesman or Navy, viz: Pickaxes, Shovels, Spades, Maddocks, &c., &c., together with a general assortment of Ironmongery. To our Placentia friends we would say on this very auspicious occasion, Come and see for yourselves our selection of Groceries, Provisions and Hardware. Remember, its not our intention to solicit your votes *politically*, but we have the temerity to seek your custom, and will deem it an honor in the near future to transmit by

## Railway

to your homes, any articles ordered as you may have the goodness to favor us with, which most undoubtedly will have our strictest attention. Just arrived, our fall stock of Hatchets (Sorby's and other makes), American Axes (Underhills) and the best cast steel Pit Saws—6 ft. in length, Grind Stones—from 9in. upwards, Chisels, Planes, Rules, Levels, Squares, and Compasses. We beg to remind the public that we have on hand a lot of Iron Bedsteads (slightly damaged) which we are selling at cost. As there has been quite a run for them this week past, we recommend persons desiring such cheap articles to come at once ere they are all sold. As usual our motto is—

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**M. & J. TOBIN,**

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oct6.

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Sept.14



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Correspondence relating to Editorial or Business matters will receive prompt attention on being addressed to

P. R. BOWERS,

Editor of the Colonist, St. John's, Nfld.

## Daily Colonist.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1886.

## RELICS OF AN EXTINCT RACE.

The Indian relics, to which we made a brief reference in our issue of yesterday, are beyond all question, genuine, having been taken from two graves which were found on Pilley's Island. Very few remains of the extinct race of the Bethuks or Beothicks—the aborigines of Newfoundland—have been preserved. There are a few in private hands, and our museum contains a small collection, including a skull and a few bones of a skeleton, with a number of arrow-heads, axes, gouges, and other stone implements. The collection which Mr. Tilley will soon place on exhibition, though not large, will be found to possess a peculiar interest, and we would strongly recommend every one who can spare the small admission fee (only ten cents, we believe), to have a look at these curious relics of a once numerous and powerful tribe, who, before the arrival of the white men were "monarchs of all they surveyed" in "this Newfoundland of ours."

One of the graves contained the skull of an adult male, in an excellent state of preservation. It has the characteristics of the skull of a savage, but it is well shaped, and pretty well developed in the intellectual region—a skull that no man need be ashamed to wear, and one that proves conclusively that the Bethuks were by no means of a low type. Only three bones of the skeleton were found along with the skull. Foxes or wolves had probably carried off the others.

The greatest curiosity however, is the other skeleton, which, with the exception of the vertebrae of the neck, is perfect. Apparently it is the skeleton of a young Beothick nine or ten years of age. The body had been wrapped in birch bark, doubled together and lay on its side, having been covered with a heap of stones. The form is seen perfectly preserved, when the wrappings of birch bark are removed, and has somewhat the appearance of a mummy. The skull is detached from the body, the vertebrae of the neck having been destroyed or removed. It is well-shaped and in good preservation.

In addition there are in the collection several specimens of beautifully finished stone arrow-heads, hatchets, various articles made from birch bark, such as small models of canoes, drinking vessels, etc., curiously shaped bone ornaments—all well worthy of examination. These, according to the Indian custom, had been buried with the dead.

In the 7th chapter of Rev. M. Harvey's "Newfoundland," a full account is given of the aborigines of Newfoundland. The author shows that they were a branch of the once great and powerful Algonkin tribe of North American Indians, who once extended from the Rocky Mountains to Newfoundland, and from Labrador to the Carolinas. Here they lived for ages before the discovery of the island by Cabot, hunting and fishing; but it was a dark day for these poor savages when the pale-faces appeared. Quarrels arose, and at length it became "war to the knife" between the two races. The savages were no matches for the white men, armed with muskets. Brutal cruelties were practised by the latter, and these were followed by savage retaliations. The whites at length came to regard the aborigines as vermin to be exterminated. The unequal contest went on till not a red man survived. Another tribe of Indians—the Mic Macs from Nova Scotia—aided in the work of extermination, having been deadly foes of the Bethuks. "Gradually," says the historian, "their numbers were thinned; they were driven from their best hunting grounds. War, famine and disease thinned their ranks. To-day not a single representative of the Red Indians of Newfoundland is

known to be in existence. Their haunts in the interior have been explored in the hope of discovering some remnants of the ill-fated race, but in vain. Only a few graves and the mouldering remains of their huts and deer fences have been found. Their camp-fires have been extinguished for ever; and the records of their fate fills another dark page in the history of the white man's progress in the new world. They are gone—

"Like the cloud-rack of a tempest,  
Like the withered leaves of autumn."

All this gives a mournful interest to the relics which we have described, and which, in a day or two, will be opened to inspection.

## Correspondence.

The Editor of this paper is not responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

## ROAD OPENING—PLACENTIA RAILWAY AND OTHER MATTERS.

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

DEAR SIR,—As you seem to take a deep interest in the advancement and welfare of this colony and its people, I ask the use of your columns for some remarks anent the affairs of this district, and other matters of public interest. During the past summer the men of this district, who could not get away to Labrador, have been employed, under the able superintendence of Mr. J. E. Roach, in opening up and making improvements on various roads,—notably, the Hodgewater and Southern Pond roads. The first mentioned of these was completed some time since, and in point of excellence, as a thoroughly well-made road, it cannot be surpassed by any other road in the country. As to its utility, in either an agricultural or commercial point of view, I cannot say much, and will leave that part of the question to be discussed hereafter, as many other matters claim my attention at present. The very great usefulness of the Southern Pond Road cannot for a moment be doubted by anyone who has a knowledge of its location. It runs through some of the best agricultural lands in the district, which are so situated near the sea-board as to enable settlers thereon to combine the occupations of fishing and farming at the same time. This pleasing fact is grievously counteracted by another of not so pleasant a nature, and that is, as it now appears, that the greater part of this excellent land is unavailable for settlers, as it is the property of the Railway Company; and the Government has been building this first-class road for the benefit and use of the said Company. If so, it is a terrible blunder, and a serious drawback to the great benefit which would accrue to the people of this district from the making of this road. Many had already marked plots of land with a view to settlement. Some had cleared spots ready for cultivation next spring, and even now, though the report of the Railway Company's claim has gained ground and been confirmed; yet some are still taking possession and clearing the land, in hopes that the report has no foundation. On hearing the opinion of captain J. Bartlett, the Railway Company's agent here, that the land in question was railway property, the superintendent, Mr. Roach, applied, so I understand, to the Government for a copy of the survey and plan of that section of the country; and according to the one furnished him, the road does certainly run through and touch numerous blocks of land claimed by the Company, and marked off as such. Were it not for this obstacle there is not the slightest doubt but that in a very short time all the land on either side of this road would have been settled upon, and a great part of it under cultivation. This is a question, then, of vital importance, and should be settled immediately; so I will leave it to the consideration of all concerned.

Between three and four hundred men have been employed on the Southern Pond road; and, since the arrival of the Labrador men, applications for employment are every day increasing, as many have returned, and are returning, in a worse condition than when they went away. Last week Mr. Roach informed the men that, according to his instructions from the Government, all but about 250 men were to be discharged from this work, but that employment would be given them immediately, on the Placentia railway; but it now appears that there are already too many men on that work, and that there is no chance of a man from this district getting any employment there for a month to come, if then. Poor men have been lying about in the woods, for days, without any shelter, or scarcely a bit to eat, in the vain hope of getting employment, and, at length, worn out in mind and body, are obliged to return to their almost starving families without having obtained any work. Men are there, in crowds, from almost every district in the Peninsula of Avalon, and from the bays that form it; men from Bay-de-Verde, under the patronage of Mr. McNeilly; men from Trinity Bay, wearing the colour of Mr. Thorburn; men from Carbonear, who will work for Mr. Penny; men from Harbor Main, well supported by Messrs. Feneelon and

Macdonald. In addition to all these, it now appears that the men of Placentia and St. Mary's are also claiming employment on their own road, as they call it, though at first it was asserted that not a man from these bays would look for or expect work, as they had made a good fishery, and all they wanted was to have the road built. The consequence of this is that Mr. Burchell is at his wit's end, the laborers are in advance of the surveyor, the surveyors themselves are demoralized, the men are without covering and know not how or on what terms they are working, as the contracts have not yet been made 'settled on, and everything is in a state of the utmost confusion, dismay and disorder. Worse than all this, hundreds of starving men are waiting for employment, without any chance of getting it, and the whole thing seems a wretched piece of political jobbery from beginning to end. This Placentia railway was to be the great panacea for all our evils, to give employment to all our people, and this is how it is doing it. Why did superintendent Roach mislead the people, and tell them they would get employment on the railway when there was none to be got? Was he aware of this, or was he himself the dupe of somebody else? It is time for Mr. Roach, or for Mr. somebody-else, to rise and explain the meaning of all this. Up to this time, there can certainly be nothing said to Mr. Roach, he has given the greatest satisfaction of any man who has as yet been appointed to superintend any public works in this district. The roads constructed and repaired under his management are as good as any in the Island. He has the goodwill, I think, of every man who worked under him, and has got as much work done and of as good quality, I venture to say, as any superintendent similarly engaged this season. He has been the means of putting down a great deal of the little jobbery that a certain clique in this district was wont to indulge in. The bridge at Makinson's, for instance, had been promised to a certain party, who expected to turn a pretty penny by it, and make it cost, as it did before, something like one hundred and fifty pounds, whereas so many dollars are sufficient. In this they were disappointed by the action of the superintendent, and by these means he has, perhaps, made enemies in certain quarters; but go on Roach, and though a few interested parties may be opposed to you, the voice of the people of this district will sustain your every action. And now, Mr. Editor, what is to be done with the twelve or fifteen hundred men of this district who are sorely in need of work? There is, I say in answer, plenty of work similar to what has been going on, yet to be done. Let Mr. Roach or Mr. anybody be empowered to go on opening and improving the various roads that are needed. There is what is called Caplin Cove road, for instance, over as fine a ridge of land as there is in the district, and the people of the settlement have been petitioning for a road there for years, and nothing has ever been done to it. There is the Birch hill and Bareknead road, there is the old St. John's road, Habberlin's road and numerous others that could be mentioned, on which the men can be employed, and which of necessity they must be, as there is no use in them expecting labor on the Placentia Railway. There are many other ways of employing the people profitably, which I would wish to suggest, but as I have already unreasonably intruded on your space, I shall leave my remarks for a future letter. Yours truly,

Brigus, Oct. 21st, 1886.

VIATOR.

## HOME INDUSTRIAL MOVEMENT.

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

DEAR SIR,—The persons who promoted the formation of a society to encourage home industries, must feel pleased at manner in which the people generally have interested themselves in the project. As a society has now been founded and a constitution adopted, it would be advisable to have affiliated societies formed as soon as possible in the several outports, and as there is one very important office in the society (the corresponding secretary), the election of officers should not be delayed, so that a regular correspondence may be opened with all friends in the outports, and the fullest information afforded on all questions asked concerning the working of the society.

I understand that a meeting of the society will be held on next Monday evening, and it would be well if those in charge secured a more spacious hall than they had on the last occasion, as it is certain a much larger number will be present. To help the work on, I would suggest to the several trades and interests that an organization of their members be made, and that no delay be caused in naming the chairman or representative of each particular branch. The fishermen, wheelwrights, painters, coopers, shoemakers, farmers, tailors, foundry-men, machinists, artisans and the many other branches of trade interested should all take an active interest in this movement, and help to get it in working order as soon as possible, as it is contemplated to hold an exhibition of all our productions next year. Yours truly,

St. John's, Oct. 22.

IN EARNEST.

## PARTICULARS OF THE DEATH OF VERY REV. DR. KAVANAGH.

(From the London Universe, Oct. 9.)

An extraordinary and fatal accident happened on Tuesday morning in the Catholic parish church of Kildare. As the Very Rev. Dr. J. B. Kavanagh, P.P., was standing in front of the altar with his hands on the chalice to raise it at the seven o'clock Mass, and was about to descend the altar steps to recite the Rosary and Litany of the Blessed Virgin, the marble figure of a cherub over the altar fell down and struck him with great force on the head. He fell back heavily, murmured the words, "My God" twice, and then became insensible. A cry of horror and anguish was raised by the congregation who witnessed the accident. Some persons rushed forward to life him up, while others ran for medical help. Drs. Watson, Dillon, and Chaplin were soon in attendance, and Dr. Kavanagh having been raised from the floor was placed on a stretcher and carried into the adjoining convent, where, having never recovered consciousness, he died soon afterwards. The altar is a new marble one which was consecrated about a year ago with great solemnity by Archbishops Croke and Walsh. The tabernacle is surmounted by a spiral-shaped canopy. The pillars which support the canopy have corresponding short pillars above them, springing from each angle of the canopy, and on these are four cherubs. The one which fell weighed three stone. Great sympathy has been excited by the accident, and the bells of the Protestant as well as the Catholic church tolled mournfully during the day. Dr. Watson describes the injuries to be fracture of the skull and compression of the brain. A branch of the femoral artery was ruptured and death resulted in about half-an-hour. Dr. Kavanagh was a native of Ferns, and having filled several professorships in Carlow College was appointed president in 1864, and was transferred to Kildare in 1880. He took an active interest in the education controversy, and was appointed a member of the Senate of the Royal University to represent the Catholic community. He was also an ardent Nationalist and advocate of the tenants in the discussion of the land question.

## THE BISHOP OF ARDAGH ON SECRET SOCIETIES.

The Catholic bishop of Ardagh has addressed a letter to the clergy and laity of his diocese on the subject of secret societies, in which he urges the duty of forbearance in these evil days. He begs them to exhort the oppressed to patience, while using every lawful means to save them from oppression; to warn the oppressor of the account he must render to an all-just and all-powerful God; to become the partisans of none, but to have understanding concerning the needy and the poor, and to be their advocates and helpers. He raises a warning voice against "those revolutionary principles, unhappily so prevalent in other countries," and adds: "Let us remind our faithful people of their duty to obey the constituted authorities. Let us remind them also that if the day of national freedom seems to approach, the sins of the people may cause that day to be deferred and other blessings withheld; that every crime not only will be used as an argument by enemies for refusing Ireland her constitutional rights, but will render us unworthy of the help of a just God." His Lordship concludes by expressing his belief that the cause, which is a righteous one, will triumph in the end if righteous means are adopted.

## An English M.P. on the Case of Father Fahy.

Mr. Shaw Lefevre, in a letter to the Times says:—

I must repeat that I am convinced that any unprejudiced Englishman, looking into the case as he would if a similar case had occurred in this country, could come to no other conclusion than that a miscarriage of justice had occurred.

The Galway magistrates convicted Father Fahy of having used most violent and dangerous threats to a landowner, on the uncorroborated evidence of the latter, who alone was present when the conversation took place, and who, by taking out a summons, was able to give his own evidence on oath to prevent his opponent doing the same. Father Fahy, however, indignantly denied the language imputed to him, and gave a different version of the altercation. On this the magistrates were disposed to take no action, saying that the matter should be settled out of court; but on the strong pressure of the crown prosecutor, who was also agent for Mr. Lewis, the complainant, they decided against Father Fahy, and directed him to find bail for good behavior in the future, in default of which he was to be imprisoned for six months.

Father Fahy, acting as any honorable gentleman would have done in his position, declined to give bail, and has gone to prison sooner than sully his character as a priest by virtually admitting that he either used the language imputed to him or had told an untruth to the court. He has given, therefore, the strongest earnest in his power that his

version of what took place is the true one. The question, however, is not so much which of the two parties gave the true account of what took place in an angry conversation, but whether it is safe in the interest of justice, where there is no corroborative evidence whatever, to accept the statement of one of the two parties in it and to convict the other.

If such a case had occurred in England between a clergyman and a Non-conformist minister and a landowner, I feel convinced that the Home Secretary acting under the pressure of the House of Commons, would have overruled the magistrates with a snub (as Home Secretaries have done in a multitude of cases), and have ordered the immediate release of the prisoner. In the Irish case the Chief Secretary, who represents the Lord Lieutenant in the House of Commons, says that this nominal chief, but real subordinate, where the former only is in the Cabinet, is alone able to deal with the case, and that he (the Chief Secretary) is unable even to give his advice unless the Lord Lieutenant asks for it.

It appears to me that the authority and prestige of the Government of Ireland is far more weakened by its refusing redress in such a case, and by allowing Father Fahy to remain in prison, as a martyr in the eyes of the whole of Ireland, than by any action in the House of Commons of those who, like myself, think that such cases ought to be dealt with in the same manner as we should do in England.

## Local and other Items.

The steamer *Curlew* sails for the westward at ten o'clock to-morrow morning.

The highest point attained by the thermometer for the last twenty-four hours was 59, the lowest 48.

At a meeting of the committee of management of the Roman Catholic cemetery at Quidividi, held on Wednesday evening last, Mr. John Sullivan was appointed keeper of the cemetery.

MIKADO REHEARSALS.—For the ladies this evening at half-past eight o'clock; for the gentlemen at half-past nine o'clock sharp. All those who intend taking part in the opera are requested to be at the rehearsal.

The steamer *Plover* sailed for the northward at ten o'clock this morning. She took about half freight and the following passengers:—

Revs. E. Weary, R. Freeman, J. Abraham, W. Rex, Mrs. Coleridge, Mrs. Pumphrey, Mrs. Knight, Mrs. Milligan, Misses Weary, Scott, Burden, Katie Kirby, Lizzie Stringling, Major Fawcett, Messrs. J. W. Phillips, J. J. Wickham, W. Pumphrey, P. Boyle, N. Whelan, James Ryan, and ten in steerage.

Amongst the passengers by the stmr. *Plover* to the north this morning was Mr. J. J. Wickham, inspector of Roman Catholic schools. Mr. Wickham will land at Catalina, and will go from thence to Trinity, and over land to King's Cove, inspecting all the schools in that district in time to catch the *Plover* returning.

The employees in the firm of hon. M. Monroe, met last night at a supper, given at the Queen's in honor of Messrs. R. Peace and T. S. Tait, two gentlemen of the dry goods firm, who are leaving St. John's in a few days for the United States. The table was laid in Mr. Tupper's best style and the cheer was heartily enjoyed by the participants. After the cloth had been removed some songs were sung, and excellent speeches made by Messrs. A. Hiscock, F. J. Barnes and Richard Fennell. Each wished a hearty God-speed to the departing ones, and prosperity to them under the Stars and Stripes. Shortly after midnight the company dispersed. Mr. Peace leaves on the s.s. *Bonavista*, but Mr. Tait will not go till the next *Coban*. Both the gentlemen referred to were in the employ of the Hon. M. Monroe for a number of years and are much respected in the city. The *Colonist* echoes the sentiments of the gentlemen at the supper last night, and wishes the two young men a prosperous future.

## Marriages.

MCGILLIVRAY—KIELEY.—Last evening, at the R. C. Cathedral, by the Very Rev. Archdeacon Forristal, Mr. Duncan McGillivray, of Pictou Co. N.S.; to Miss Bridgie Kieley, of St. John's.

MCDONALD—MOORES.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Wednesday evening, the 20th inst., by the Rev. A. Falconer, Neilson McDonald, Esq., proprietor of the "Hotel Glover," to Susie, only daughter of S. Moores, Esq., Water Street.

FEELAN—WILLIAMS.—On Tuesday, 19th inst., at Bay Bulls, by the Rev. P. Roche, P.P., Mr. Patrick Feelan, of St. John's, to Essie, eldest daughter of Mr. Joseph J. Williams, of Bay Bulls.

## Deaths.

RYAN.—At Red Island, Placentia Bay, on Friday, 15th inst., Mr. Denis Ryan, aged 73 years.

I AM instructed to offer for sale, by Private Contract, a desirable and comfortable Dwelling House, situate on Queen's Road, and opposite St. Patrick's Hall, containing Drawing-room, Parlor, Dining-rooms, six Bed-rooms, Kitchen, Frost-proof Vegetable Cellar, Closet and pantry.

Term unexpired, 23 years. Ground rent, £5. The above will be sold cheap if applied for immediately. For further particulars apply to

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